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DOCKET NO.: AM100978/WYNC-0774

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This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

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Listing of Claims:

1. (original) A compound of formulae (I) or (II) having the structure

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wherein

R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄, R₇, R₈, R₉, R₁₀, R₁₁, R₁₂, R₁₄, and R₁₅ are each, independently, hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-X-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, R₁₇-S(O)-, R₁₇-S(O)₂-, R₁₇-SO₃-, R₁₇-S(O)₂NR-, -N(R)₂, -NR-C(NH₂)=NR, cyano, nitro, halogen, -OR, -SR, -SO₃R, -S(O)₂N(R)₂, -C(O)R, -C(R)=N-OR, -C(NH₂)=NR, -CO₂R, -OC(O)R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or are taken and allower with either R_{p+1} or R_{p+1} linked with an -alkylene-, or -X-alkylene- group;

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- R₅ is hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-X-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, -CR(O), -CO₂R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or R₅ may be taken together with either R₆ or R₇ and linked with an -alkylene- or -X-alkylene- group;
- R_6 is hydrogen, R_{17} , monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl- R_{16} -, heteroaryl- R_{16} -, hydroxyalkyl, HO- R_{16} -, R_{17} -X- R_{16} -, HS- R_{16} -, -CR(O), -CO₂R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or R_6

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may be taken together with either R₅ or R₇ and linked with an -alkylene- or -X-alkylene- group;

 R_{13} is R, R_{17} -X- R_{16} -, R_{17} -S(O)-, R_{17} - $S(O)_2$ -, - SO_3R , - $S(O)_2N(R)_2$, or D-glucuronidate;

R₁₆ is -alkylene-, -cycloalkylene-, -alkylene-X-alkylene-, -alkylene-X-cycloalkylene-, -cycloalkylene-X-cycloalkylene-;

R₁₇ is alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, alkenyl-X-alkylene-, cycloalkenyl-X-alkylene-, or perfluoroalkyl;

R is, independently, hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, monofluoroalkyl, perfluoroalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, hydroxy-(C2-C6)alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, formyl, acyl, alkoxycarbonyl, -C(O)NH2, alkylaminocarbonyl, dialkylaminocarbonyl, alkylaminoalkyl, or dialkylaminoalkyl; or when an atom contains two R groups, the R groups may be taken together linked with an -alkylene- group;

 $X \text{ is } O, -NR-, -S(O)_{m^*}, -C(O)-, -OC(O)-, -C(O)O-, -NRC(O)-, \text{ or } -C(O)NR-;$

m is 0, 1, or 2;

p is 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, or 14;

 R_{21} , R_{22} , R_{23} , R_{24} , R_{27} , R_{28} , R_{29} , R_{30} , R_{31} , R_{33} , R_{34} , and R_{35} are, independently, hydrogen, R_{17} , monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl- R_{16} -, heteroaryl- R_{16} -, hydroxyalkyl, HO- R_{16} -, R_{17} -Y- R_{16} -, HS- R_{16} -, R_{17} -S(O)-, R_{17} -S(O)₂-, R_{17} -SO₃-, R_{17} -S(O)₂NR-, -N(R)₂, -NR-C(NH₂)=NR, cyano, nitro, halogen, -OR, -SR, -SO₃R, -S(O)₂N(R)₂, -C(O)R, -C(R)=N-OR, -C(NH₂)=NR, -CO₂R, -OC(O)R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or are taken together with either R_{q+1} or R_{q-1} linked with an -alkylene-, or -Y-alkylene- group;

R₂₅ is hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-Y-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, -CR(O), -CO₂R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or R₂₅ may be taken together with either R₂₆ or R₂₇ and linked with an -alkylene- or -Y-alkylene- group;

R₂₆ is hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-Y-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, -CR(O), -CO₂R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or R₂₆ may be taken together with either R₂₅ or R₂₇ and linked with an -alkylene- or -Y-alkylene- group;

 R_{32} is R, R_{17} -Y- R_{16} -, R_{17} -S(O)-, R_{17} -S(O)₂-, -SO₃R, -S(O)₂N(R)₂, or D-glucuronidate; Page 3 of 32

EXIT

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wherein

R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄, R₇, R₈, R₉, R₁₀, R₁₁, R₁₂, R₁₄, and R₁₅ are each, independently, hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-X-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, R₁₇-S(O)-, R₁₇-S(O)₂-, R₁₇-SO₃-, R₁₇-S(O)₂NR-, -N(R)₂, -NR-C(NH₂)=NR, cyano, nitro, halogen, -OR, -SR, -SO₃R, -S(O)₂N(R)₂, -C(O)R, -C(R)=N-OR, -C(NH₂)=NR, -CO₂R, -OC(O)R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or are taken and acceptable together with either R_{p+1} or R_{p-1} linked with an -alkylene-, or -X-alkylene- group;

EXI

- R₅ is hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-X-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, -CR(O), -CO₂R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or R₅ may be taken together with either R₆ or R₇ and linked with an -alkylene- or -X-alkylene- group;
- R₆ is hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-X-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, -CR(O), -CO₂R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or R₆ may be taken together with either R₅ or R₇ and linked with an -alkylene- or -X-alkylene- group;
- R₁₃ is R, R₁₇-X-R₁₆-, R₁₇-S(O)-, R₁₇-S(O)₂-, -SO₃R, -S(O)₂N(R)₂, or D-glucuronidate;
- R₁₆ is -alkylene-, -cycloalkylene-, -alkylene-X-alkylene-, -alkylene-X-cycloalkylene-, -cycloalkylene-X-cycloalkylene-;

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- R₁₇ is alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, alkenyl-X-alkylene-, cycloalkenyl-X-alkylene-, or perfluoroalkyl;
- R is, independently, hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, monofluoroalkyl, perfluoroalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, hydroxy-(C2-C6)alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, formyl, acyl, alkoxycarbonyl, -C(O)NH2, alkylaminocarbonyl, dialkylaminocarbonyl, alkylaminoalkyl, or dialkylaminoalkyl; or when an atom contains two R groups, the R groups may be taken together linked with an -alkylene- group;

X is O, -NR-, -S(O)_m-, -C(O)-, -OC(O)-, -C(O)O-, -NRC(O)-, or -C(O)NR-; m is 0, 1, or 2;

p is 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, or 14;

 R_{21} , R_{22} , R_{23} , R_{24} , R_{27} , R_{28} , R_{29} , R_{30} , R_{31} , R_{33} , R_{34} , and R_{35} are, independently, hydrogen, R_{17} ; monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl- R_{16} -, heteroaryl- R_{16} -, hydroxyalkyl, HO- R_{16} -, R_{17} -Y- R_{16} -, HS- R_{16} -, R_{17} -S(O)-, R_{17} -S(O)₂-, R_{17} -SO₃-, R_{17} -S(O)₂NR-, -N(R)₂, -NR-C(NH₂)=NR, cyano, nitro, halogen, -OR, -SR, -SO₃R, -S(O)₂N(R)₂, -C(O)R, -C(R)=N-OR, -C(NH₂)=NR, -CO₂R, -OC(O)R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or are taken together with either/ R_{q+1} or R_{q-1} linked with an -alkylene-, or -Y-alkylene- group;

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- R₂₅ is hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-Y-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, -CR(O), -CO₂R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or R₂₅ may be taken together with either R₂₆ or R₂₇ and linked with an -alkylene- or -Y-alkylene- group;
- R₂₆ is hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-Y-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, -CR(O), -CO₂R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or R₂₆ may be taken together with either R₂₅ or R₂₇ and linked with an -alkylene- or -Y-alkylene- group;

 $R_{32} \text{ is } R, R_{17}\text{-}Y\text{-}R_{16}\text{-}, R_{17}\text{-}S(O)\text{-}, R_{17}\text{-}S(O)_{2}\text{-}, -SO_{3}R, -S(O)_{2}N(R)_{2}, \text{ or D-glucuronidate;} \\$

Y is O, -NR-, $-S(O)_n$ -, -C(O)-, -OC(O)-, -C(O)O-, -NRC(O)-, or -C(O)NR-;

n is 0, 1, or 2;

q is 22, 23, 26, 27, 28, 29, 32, 33, or 34;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

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-compound of claim 1.

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10. (currently amended) A method of treating or inhibiting chronic inflammatory disease in a mammal in need thereof, which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of claim 1.

Claim to wherein the said disease

11. (currently amended) A method of treating or inhibiting rheumatoid arthritis, spondyloarthropathies, osteoarthritis, psoriatic arthritis, or juvenile arthritis in a mammal in reced thereof, which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a

claim to wherein the Said disease is

12. (currently amended) A method of treating or inhibiting inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, or indeterminate colitis in a mammal in need thereof; which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of claim

claim to wherein the Said disease is

13. (currently amended) A method of treating or inhibiting psoriasis in a mammal in need thereof, which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound-of claim 1.

claim to wherein the Said disease is

- 14. (currently amended) A method of treating or inhibiting asthma or chronic obstructive pulmonary disease in a mammal in need thereof, which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of claim-1.
- 15. (currently amended) A method of treating or inhibiting stroke, ischemia, or reperfusion injury in a mammal in need thereof, which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of claim 1.
- 16. (currently amended) A method of lowering cholesterol, triglycerides, Lp(a), and LDL levels; inhibiting or treating hypercholesteremia, hyperlipidemia, cardiovascular disease, atherosclerosis, acute coronary syndrome, peripheral vascular disease, restenosis, or vasospasm in a mammal in need thereof, which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of claim.

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EXA

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17. (currently amended) A method of treating or inhibiting Alzheimer's disease, cognitive decline, of senile dementia in a mammal in need thereof, which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of glaim 1.

18. (currently amended) A method of treating or inhibiting type II diabetes in a mammal in need thereof, which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of claim 1.

claim to wherein the Said disease it

19. (currently amended) A method of treating or inhibiting sepsis in a mammal in need thereof, which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of claim.

20. (new) The compound according to claim 2, wherein R₁₃ is -S(O)₂NH₂, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

21. (new) The compound according to claim 5, wherein R_{32} is $-S(O)_2NH_2$, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

22. (new) A process comprising providing a sulfonamide of formula 37:

wherein

R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄, R₇, R₈, R₉, R₁₀, R₁₁, R₁₂, R₁₄, and R₁₅ are each, independently, hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, Page 13 of 32

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HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-X-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, R₁₇-S(O)-, R₁₇-S(O)₂-, R₁₇-SO₃-, R₁₇-S(O)₂NR-, -N(R)₂, -NR-C(NH₂)=NR, cyano, nitro, halogen, -OR, -SR, -SO₃R, -S(O)₂N(R)₂, -C(O)R, -C(R)=N-OR, -C(NH₂)=NR, -CO₂R, -OC(O)R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or are taken together with either R_{p+1} or R_{p-1} linked with an -alkylene-, or -X-alkylene- group;

R₅ is hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-X-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, -CR(O), -CO₂R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or R₅ may be taken together with either R₆ or R₇ and linked with an -alkylene- or -X-alkylene- group;

R₆ is hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-X-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, -CR(O), -CO₂R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or R₆ may be taken together with either R₅ or R₇ and linked with an -alkylene- or -X-alkylene- group;

 R_{13} is R, R_{17} -X- R_{16} -, R_{17} -S(O)-, R_{17} -S(O)₂-, -SO₃R, -S(O)₂N(R)₂, or D-glucuronidate;

R₁₆ is -alkylene-, -cycloalkylene-, -alkylene-X-alkylene-, -alkylene-X-cycloalkylene-, -cycloalkylene-X-cycloalkylene-;

R₁₇ is alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, alkenyl-X-alkylene-, cycloalkenyl-X-alkylene-, or perfluoroalkyl;

R is, independently, hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, monofluoroalkyl, perfluoroalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, hydroxy-(C₂-C₆)alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, formyl, acyl, alkoxycarbonyl, -C(O)NH₂, alkylaminocarbonyl, dialkylaminocarbonyl, alkylaminoalkyl, or dialkylaminoalkyl; or when an atom contains two R groups, the R groups may be taken together linked with an -alkylene- group;

X is O, -NR-, -S(O)_m-, -C(O)-, -OC(O)-, -C(O)O-, -NRC(O)-, or -C(O)NR-;

m is 0, 1, or 2; and

p is 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, or 14; and

treating the sulfonamide of formula 37 with potassium carbonate to produce a phenanthridine of formula I:

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wherein

R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄, R₇, R₈, R₉, R₁₀, R₁₁, R₁₂, R₁₄, and R₁₅ are each, independently, hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-X-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, R₁₇-S(O)-, R₁₇-S(O)₂-, R₁₇-SO₃-, R₁₇-S(O)₂NR-, -N(R)₂, -NR-C(NH₂)=NR, cyano, nitro, halogen, -OR, -SR, -SO₃R, -S(O)₂N(R)₂, -C(O)R, -C(R)=N-OR, -C(NH₂)=NR, -CO₂R, -OC(O)R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or are taken together with either, R_{p+1} or R_{p-1} linked with an -alkylene-, or -X-alkylene- group;

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- R₅ is hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-X-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, -CR(O), -CO₂R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or R₅ may be taken together with either R₆ or R₇ and linked with an -alkylene- or -X-alkylene- group;
- R₆ is hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-X-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, -CR(O), -CO₂R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or R₆ may be taken together with either R₅ or R₇ and linked with an -alkylene- or -X-alkylene- group;

R₁₃ is R, R₁₇-X-R₁₆-, R₁₇-S(O)-, R₁₇-S(O)₂-, -SO₃R, -S(O)₂N(R)₂, or D-glucuronidate; R₁₆ is -alkylene-, -cycloalkylene-, -alkylene-X-alkylene-, -alkylene-X-cycloalkylene-X-cycloalkylene-;

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28. (new) A process comprising providing a sulfonamide of formula 37a:

wherein

R₂₁, R₂₂, R₂₃, R₂₄, R₂₇, R₂₈, R₂₉, R₃₀, R₃₁, R₃₃, R₃₄, and R₃₅ are, independently, hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-Y-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, R₁₇-S(O)-, R₁₇-S(O)₂-, R₁₇-SO₃-, R₁₇-S(O)₂NR-, -N(R)₂, -NR-C(NH₂)=NR, cyano, nitro, halogen, -OR, -SR, -SO₃R, -S(O)₂N(R)₂, -C(O)R, -C(R)=N-OR, -C(NH₂)=NR, -CO₂R, -OC(O)R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or are taken together with either/R_{q+1} or R_{q+1} linked with an -alkylene-, or -Y-alkylene- group; R₂₅ is hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-,

R₂₅ is hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-Y-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, -CR(O), -CO₂R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or R₂₅
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30. (new) The process of claim 29 further comprising providing a biphenylamine of formula 36a:

$$R_{29}$$
 R_{28}
 R_{21}
 R_{27}
 R_{23}
 R_{24}
 R_{25}
 R_{24}
(36a) : and

separating the biphenylamine of formula 36a into its respective enantiomers.

31. (new) The process of claim 30 further comprising providing a compound of formula 35a:

$$R_{23}$$
 R_{21}
 R_{22}
 R_{23}
 R_{24}
 R_{24}
 R_{25}
 R_{26}

reacting the compound of formula 35a with an ammonium source optionally in the presence of an acid catalyst to produce an intermediate imine; and

reducing the intermediate imine with a hydride source to produce a biphenylamine of formula 36.0.

32. (new) The process of claim 31 further comprising providing a compound of formula 33a:

(33a)

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wherein

R₃₆ and R₃₇ are, independently, hydrogen or (C₁-C₄) lower straight chain or (C₃-C₆) branched chain alkyl, or R₃₆ and R₃₇ are taken together to form a pinacol moiety; and reacting the compound of formula 33a in the presence of a coupling catalyst with a compound of formula 34a:

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wherein

W is a chlorine, bromine, or iodine atom, or a triflate (-OSO₂CF₃) moiety;

to produce a compound of formula 35- 350

33. (new) A process for preparing a compound of formula II:

(II)

wherein

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R₂₁, R₂₂, R₂₃, R₂₄, R₂₇, R₂₈, R₂₉, R₃₀, R₃₁, R₃₃, R₃₄, and R₃₅ are, independently, hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-Y-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, R₁₇-S(O)-, R₁₇-S(O)₂-, R₁₇-SO₃-, R₁₇-S(O)₂NR-, -N(R)₂, -NR-C(NH₂)=NR, cyano, nitro, halogen, -OR, -SR, -SO₃R, -S(O)₂N(R)₂, -C(O)R, -C(R)=N-OR, -C(NH₂)=NR, -CO₂R, -OC(O)R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or are taken together with either/ R_{q+1} or R_{q-1} linked with an -alkylene-, or -Y-alkylene- group;

R₂₅ is hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-Y-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, -CR(O), -CO₂R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or R₂₅ may be taken together with either R₂₆ or R₂₇ and linked with an -alkylene- or -Y-alkylene- group;

R₂₆ is hydrogen, R₁₇, monofluoroalkyl, monofluoroalkenyl, aryl-R₁₆-, heteroaryl-R₁₆-, hydroxyalkyl, HO-R₁₆-, R₁₇-Y-R₁₆-, HS-R₁₆-, -CR(O), -CO₂R, or -C(O)N(R)₂; or R₂₆ may be taken together with either R₂₅ or R₂₇ and linked with an -alkylene- or -Y-alkylene- group;

 $R_{32} \text{ is } R, R_{17}\text{-}Y\text{-}R_{16}\text{-}, R_{17}\text{-}S(O)\text{-}, R_{17}\text{-}S(O)_2\text{-}, -SO_3R, -S(O)_2N(R)_2, \text{ or } D\text{-glucuronidate};$

R₁₆ is -alkylene-, -cycloalkylene-, -alkylene-X-alkylene-, -alkylene-X-cycloalkylene-, -cycloalkylene-X-cycloalkylene-;

R₁₇ is alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, alkenyl-X-alkylene-, cycloalkenyl-X-alkylene-, or perfluoroalkyl;

R is, independently, hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, monofluoroalkyl, perfluoroalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, hydroxy-(C2-C6)alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, formyl, acyl, alkoxycarbonyl, -C(O)NH2, alkylaminocarbonyl, dialkylaminocarbonyl, alkylaminoalkyl, or dialkylaminoalkyl; or when an atom contains two R groups, the R groups may be taken together linked with an -alkylene- group;

Y is O, -NR-, -S(O)_n-, -C(O)-, -OC(O)-, -C(O)O-, -NRC(O)-, or -C(O)NR-; n is θ , 1, or 2;

q is 22, 23, 26, 27, 28, 29, 32, 33, or 34;

comprising

reacting a compound of formula 33a:

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